

# SUPPORTING STUDENTS IN SCHOOLS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS POLICY

Date of last review	18 March 2025
Review cycle	Annual
Policy due for review and approval by Local Governing Body	March 2026

#### **Aims**

This policy aims to ensure that:

- Students, staff and parents/carers understand how our school will support students with medical conditions.
- Students with medical conditions are properly supported to allow them to access the same education as other students, including school trips and sporting activities.

The Local Governing Body will implement this policy by:

- Making sure sufficient staff are suitably trained.
- Making staff aware of students' conditions, where appropriate
- Making sure there are cover arrangements to ensure someone is always available to support students with medical conditions.
- Providing supply teachers with appropriate information about the policy and relevant students
- Developing and monitoring Individual Healthcare Plans (IHPs)

# Legislation and statutory responsibilities

This policy meets the requirements under Section 100 of the Children and Families Act 2014, which places a duty on Governing Bodies to make arrangements for supporting students at their school with medical conditions. It is also based on the Department for Education's statutory guidance on supporting students with medical conditions at school.

## Roles and responsibilities

#### 1. The Local Governing Body

The Local Governing Body has ultimate responsibility to make arrangements to support students with medical conditions. The Local Governing Body will ensure that sufficient staff have received suitable training and are competent before they are responsible for supporting children with medical conditions.

# 2. The Headteacher and the member of staff with delegated responsibility

The Headteacher has overall responsibility for:

- Making sure all staff are aware of this policy and understand their role in its implementation.
- Ensuring that there is a sufficient number of trained staff available to implement this policy and deliver against all IHPs, including in contingency and emergency situations.
- Ensuring that all staff who need to know are aware of a child's condition.
- The development of IHPs
- Making sure that school staff are appropriately insured and aware that they are insured to support students in this way.
- Contacting the school nurse in the case of any student who has a medical condition that may require support at school but has not yet been brought to the attention of the school nurse.
- Ensuring that systems are in place for obtaining information about a child's medical needs and that this information is kept up to date.

#### 3. Staff

Supporting students with medical conditions during school hours is not the sole responsibility of one person. Any member of staff may be asked to provide support to students with medical conditions, although they will not be required to do so. This includes the administration of medicines.

Staff who take on the responsibility to support students with medical conditions will receive sufficient and suitable training and will achieve the necessary level of competency before doing so.

Teachers will take into account the needs of students with medical conditions that they teach. All staff will know what to do and respond accordingly when they become aware that a student with a medical condition needs help.

#### 4. Parents/Carers

Parents/Carers will:

- Provide the school with sufficient and up-to-date information about their child's medical needs.
- Be involved in the development and review of their child's IHP and may be involved in its drafting.
- Carry out any action they have agreed to as part of the implementation of the IHP, e.g., provide medicines and equipment, and ensure they or another nominated adult are contactable at all times.

#### 5. Students

Students with medical conditions will often be best placed to provide information about how their condition affects them. Students should be fully involved in discussions about their medical support needs and contribute as much as possible to the development of their IHPs. They are also expected to comply with their IHPs.

#### 6. Other healthcare professionals

Where appropriate, other health care professionals will notify the school when a student has been identified as having a medical condition that will require support in school. This will be before the student starts school, wherever possible. They may also support staff to implement a child's IHP.

Healthcare professionals, such as GPs and paediatricians, will liaise with the school's nurses and notify them of any students identified as having a medical condition. They may also provide advice on developing IHPs.

Point of contact for medical professionals:

Gill LaRocque, Headteacher – gillian.larocque@saffronvalleycollegiate.co.uk

#### **Equal opportunities**

Our school is clear about the need to actively support students with medical conditions to participate in school trips, visits, or in sporting activities, and not prevent them from doing so. The school will consider what reasonable adjustments need to be made to enable students with medical conditions to participate fully and safely on school trips, visits and sporting activities.

Risk assessments will be carried out so that planning arrangements take into account any steps needed to ensure that students with medical conditions are included. In doing so, students, their parents/ carers and any relevant healthcare professionals will be consulted.

## Being notified that a child has a medical condition

When the school is notified that a student has a medical condition, the process outlined in Appendix 1 will be followed to decide whether the student requires an IHP.

The school will make every effort to ensure that arrangements are put in place within 2 weeks, or by the beginning of the relevant term for students who are new to the school.

### Individual Healthcare Plans (IHPs)

The Headteacher has overall responsibility for the development of IHPs for students with medical conditions.

IHPs will be reviewed at least annually, or earlier if there is evidence that a student's needs have changed.

IHPs will be developed with the student's best interests in mind and will set out:

- What needs to be done,
- When, and
- By whom

Not all students with a medical condition will require an IHP. It will be agreed with a healthcare professional and the parents/carers when an IHP would be inappropriate or disproportionate. This will be based on evidence. If there is no consensus, the Headteacher will make the final decision.

Plans will be drawn up in partnership with the school, parents/carers and a relevant healthcare professional, such as the specialist or paediatrician, who can best advise on the student's specific needs. The student will be involved wherever appropriate.

IHPs will be linked to, or become part of, any Education Healthcare Plan (EHCP). If a student has Special Education Needs (SEN) but does not have an EHCP, the SEN will be mentioned in the IHP. The level of detail in the plan will depend on the complexity of the child's condition and how much support is needed.

The Local Governing Body and the Headteacher will consider the following when deciding what information to record on IHPs:

- The medical condition, its triggers, signs, symptoms and treatments
- The student's resulting needs, including medication (dose, side effects and storage) and other
  treatments, time, facilities, equipment, testing, access to food and drink where this is used to
  manage their condition, dietary requirements and environmental issues. For example,
  crowded corridors and/or travel time between lessons.
- Specific support for the student's educational, social and emotional needs. For example, how absences will be managed, requirements for extra time to complete exams, use of rest periods or additional support in catching up with lessons, counselling sessions.
- The level of support needed, including in emergencies. If a student is self-managing their medication, this will be clearly stated with appropriate arrangements for monitoring.
- Who will provide the level of support needed, their training needs, expectations of their role and confirmation of proficiency to provide support for the student's medical condition from a healthcare professional, and cover arrangements for when they are unavailable.
- Who in the school needs to be aware of the student's condition and the support required.

- Arrangements for written permission from parents/carers and the Headteacher for medication to be administered by a member of staff or self-administered by the student during school hours.
- Separate arrangements or procedures required for school trips or other school activities outside of the normal school timetable that will ensure the student can participate, for example, risk assessments.
- Where confidentiality issues are raised by the parent/carer or student, details of the designated individuals to be entrusted with information about the student's condition.
- What to do in an emergency, including who to contact, and contingency arrangements.

# **Managing medicines**

Prescription and non-prescription medicines will only be administered at school:

- When it would be detrimental to the student's health or school attendance not to do so
   and
- Where we have parent/carers' consent.

The only exception to this is where the medication has been prescribed to the student without the knowledge of the parents/carer.

Students under 16 will not be given medicine containing aspirin unless prescribed by a doctor. Anyone giving a student any medication (for example, for pain relief) will first check maximum dosages and when the previous dosage was taken. Parents/Carers will always be informed.

The school will only accept prescribed medicines that are:

- In-date
- Labelled
- Provided in the original container, as dispensed by the pharmacist, and include instructions for administration, dosage and storage.

The school will accept insulin that is inside an insulin pen or pump rather than its original container, but it must be in date.

All medicines will be stored safely. Students will be informed about where their medicines are at all times and be able to access them immediately. Medicines and devices such as asthma inhalers, blood glucose testing meters and adrenaline pens will always be readily available to students and not locked away.

Medicines will be returned to parents/carers to arrange for safe disposal when no longer required.

#### 1. Controlled drugs

Controlled drugs are prescription medicines that are controlled under the Misuse of Drugs Regulations 2001 (and subsequent amendments) such as morphine or methadone.

All controlled drugs are kept in a secure cupboard in the school office and only named staff have access. Controlled drugs will be easily accessible in an emergency and a record of any doses used and the amount held will be kept.

## 2. Students managing their own needs

Students who are competent will be encouraged to take responsibility for managing their own medicines and procedures. This will be discussed with parents/carers and reflected in their IHP.

Students will be allowed to carry their relevant devices wherever possible. Staff will not force a student to take a medicine or carry out a necessary procedure if they refuse but will follow the procedure agreed in the IHP and inform parents/carers so that an alternative option can be considered, if necessary.

#### 3. Unacceptable practice

School staff should use their discretion and judge each case individually with reference to the student's IHP, but it is generally not acceptable to:

- Prevent students from easily accessing their inhalers and medication and administering their medication when and where necessary.
- Assume that every student with the same condition requires the same treatment.
- Ignore the views of the student or their parents/carers.
- Ignore medical evidence or opinion (although this may be challenged).
- Send children with medical conditions home frequently for reasons associated with their medical condition or prevent them from staying for normal school activities, including lunch, unless this is specified in their IHP.
- If the student becomes ill, send them to the school office or medical room unaccompanied or with someone unsuitable.
- Penalise students for their attendance record if their absences are related to their medical condition, for example, hospital appointments.
- Prevent students from drinking, eating or taking toilet or other breaks whenever they need to
  in order to manage their medical condition effectively.
- Require parents/carers, or otherwise make them feel obliged, to attend school to administer
  medication or provide medical support to their child, including with toileting issues. No
  parent/carer should have to give up working because the school is failing to support their
  child's medical needs.
- Prevent students from participating or create unnecessary barriers to students participating in any aspect of school life, including school trips and visits. For example, requiring parents/carers to accompany their child.
- Administer, or ask students to administer, medicine in school toilets.

## **Emergency procedures**

Staff will follow the school's normal emergency procedures (e.g., calling 999). All students' IHPs will clearly set out what constitutes an emergency and will explain what to do. If a student needs to be taken to hospital, staff will stay with the student until the parent/carer arrives or accompany the student to hospital by ambulance.

### **Training**

Staff who are responsible for supporting students with medical needs will receive suitable and sufficient training to do so.

The training will be identified during the development or review of IHPs. Staff who provide support for students with medical conditions will be included in meetings where this is discussed. The relevant healthcare professionals will take the lead in identifying the type and level of training required and will agree this with the Headteacher and the Lead for CPD.

#### Training will:

- Be sufficient to ensure that staff are competent and have confidence in their ability to support students.
- Fulfil the requirements in the IHPs.
- Help staff to have an understanding of the specific medical conditions they are being asked to deal with, their implications and preventative measures.
- Be kept up to date.

Healthcare professionals will provide confirmation of the proficiency of staff in a medical procedure, or in providing medication.

All staff will receive training (e.g., in preventative and emergency measures to enable staff to recognise and act quickly when a problem occurs) to ensure that they are aware of this policy and understand their role in implementing it.

# **Record Keeping**

The Local Governing Body will ensure that written records are kept of all medicine administered to students for as long as these students are at the school. Parents/Carers will be informed if their student has been unwell at school. IHPs are kept in a readily accessible place which all staff are aware of.

# Liability and Indemnity

The Local Governing Body will ensure that the appropriate level of insurance is in place and that it appropriately reflects the school's level of risk.

The details of the school's insurance policy can be requested from the school office and provides cover for the administration of medicines. Should a student require specific healthcare procedures, confirmation will be sought that the insurance covers this arrangement.

# **Complaints**

Parents/Carers with a complaint about their child's medical condition should discuss these directly with the Headteacher, in the first instance. If the matter is not resolved, the parents/carers will be directed to the school's complaints procedure.